

6 Days Inspirational Tour of Jordan

6 days and 5 nights

Day 1: Arrival – Queen Alia International Airport – Overnight Amman

Arrival at Queen Alia International Airport in Amman, Jordan. Our airport representative will be waiting for you to assist with visa procedures. The airport representative will walk you through customs and down to the luggage hall. Afterwards, meet with your driver in the arrival hall. The driver will be holding a name sign. Transfer to your hotel in Amman for an overnight stay.



Day 2: Amman – AS Salt – Al-Aghwar Al-Wusta- Al- Aghwar Al-Shimaliyyah – Amman

Early Breakfast at the hotel and at 08.30 AM: leave Amman towards Salt to discover the Islamic sites there. In and around Salt are several tombs of prominent figures of Islam and others mentioned in the Holy Qur'an. Within a modern mosque in Wadi Shu'ayb lies the shrine of Prophet Shu'ayb 'Jethro', the Midianite father-in-law of Prophet Moses and with whom Prophet Moses took refuge after he killed an Egyptian. Repeatedly he preached to his people about monotheism and to abandon their corrupt practices such as under-weighing and under-measuring the commodities they sold. Within a mosque to the west of Salt, on a hill carrying his name lies the shrine of Prophet Yusha' Joshua'. He was the apprentice of Prophet Moses and later his successor. Prophet Joshua led the army of the tribes of Israel in conquest over the land of Palestine. South-west of Salt in an area known as Khirbet Ayyoub

















foundations of an ancient building mark the final resting place of Prophet Ayyoub 'Job' who is mentioned in the Holy Qur'an 4 times. After move 65 km from Amman to Al-Aghwar Al-Wusta, where you will visit The Mosque Complex of Abi Ubaidah Amir bin Al-Jarrah, the Prophet's relative and one of the first converts to Islam. Then continue to Derar Ibn Al-Azwar Shrine, he was a valiant and formidable warrior and loved fighting, and was a general without equal in the conquests of Khalid bin Al-Walid. The mention of his name was sufficient to spread fear in the hearts of his enemies. After move to Al-Aghwar Al-Shimaliyyah to visit Amir bin Abi Waqqas shrine who was the brother of the famous general Saad bin Abi Waqqas. According to some sources, Amir bin Abi Waqqas was one of the first people to become a Muslim, in fact, the eleventh of the men. He emigrated to Ethiopia during the second migration and returned with Jafar bin Abi Talib. Then to visit the venerable companion Shurahbeil Ibn Hasanah's shrine who was among the early Muslims who fled to Abyssinia.

Back to Amman for free time and overnight.





Day 3: Amman – Safawai (The Blessed Tree) – Desert Castles – Amman

At 08.30 AM: transfer to Al Safawi with about 156 KM away from Amman to the Sahabi Tree, Tree of Al Buqayawiyya (The Blessed Tree), is a 1500-year-old tree. It is believed that one such caravan was going to Syria from Mecca, when prophet Muhammad (PBUH) sat down under its shadow at the age of 12. He was accompanying his uncle Abu Talib. Under this tree, the monk Bahira foretold about the prophethood of Muhammad. The Desert Castles stand as a testament to the flourishing beginnings of Islamic-Arab civilization. These seemingly isolated pavilions, caravan stations, secluded baths, and hunting lodges, were at one time integrated agricultural or trading complexes, built mostly under the Umayyads (661-750 AD), when Muslim Arabs had succeeded in transforming the fringes of the desert into well-watered

















settlements. You will visit Qasr Amra, one of the best-preserved monuments, a UNESCO World Heritage Site. Its interior walls and ceilings are covered with lively frescoes, and two of the rooms are paved with colorful mosaics. Qasr Al-Mushatta, has been restored and are all in excellent condition. The black basalt fort at Azraq, in continuous use since Late Roman times, was the headquarters of Lawrence of Arabia during the Arab Revolt.

After transfer to Amman for free evening and overnight in Amman.





Day 4: Amman – Seven Sleepers Cave – Mt. Nebo – Karak – Petra

After breakfast at the hotel then we head to Kahf Al-Raqeem or The Cave of The Seven Sleepers. Mentioned in the Holy Qur'an in a Sura named Al-Kahf (the Cave), it is located outside the village of Al-Raqeem, 10 km east of Amman. Persecuted by despotic rule of Trajan for monotheism, a group of pious youths took refuge in this cave. To preserve them, Allah put them to sleep, and when they revived 300 years later (309 lunar years as inimitability mentioned in the Holy Qur'an), they thought that they were only asleep for a day or so. Christianity was widespread by then, and when they were discovered, Allah put them to rest forever. At the cave, there still stand Byzantine and Roman ruins as well as a mosque, which exactly fit the descriptions in the Holy Qur'an. Then continue to visit Mount Nebo one of the most revered sites in Jordan. Here you have a magnificent view of the Dead Sea, a panorama of mountains, and the crowning heights of Jerusalem are visible in the distance. On the summit of Mount Nebo, you stand where the Prophet Musa 'Moses' looked over the Jordan River towards Palestine. Mount Nebo also became his final resting place after leading his people from Egypt across the Sinai Desert towards the Promised Land. Allah spoke directly to Moses who then gave his people the divinely revealed laws. It is generally acknowledged that Prophet Moses was buried on Mount Nebo, although there is no actual









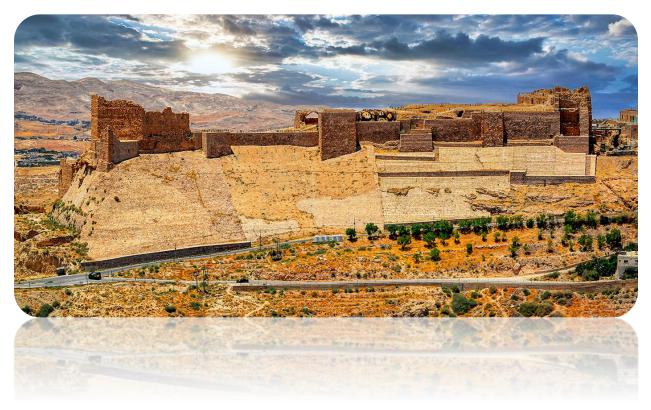








tomb marking the spot. The Holy Qur'an describes in detail the life and mission of Prophet Moses. In fact, Prophet Moses is the most mentioned prophet in the Holy Qur'an. Then to Petra passing Kerak to discover the Islamic sites there. The most significant and the fiercest battle fought during Prophet Mohammad's life time was the Battle of Mutah (629 AD). It also took the lives of his closest companions, martyred fighting against a combined Byzantine/Ghassanid army. You can visit the tombs of the venerable companions Zaid Ibn Harithah, Ja'far Ibn Abi Talib, and Abdullah Ibn Ruwahah in the town of Al-Mazar Al-Janubi near Kerak. In and around Kerak other shrines of significance to Islam are located. You can visit Prophet Nuh 'Noah' shrine in the city of Kerak. Also in Kerak is the shrine of Zaid Ibn Ali Ibn Al- Hussein. He was the great, great, grandson of Prophet Mohammad, and a religious leader known for his righteous, majestic and knowledgeable ways.



Day 5: Petra - Amman

After breakfast, drive to Petra, one of the New Seven World Wonders. After your visit to the Siq, Treasury, Street of Facades, Theatre and Colonnaded Street. There is still time to climb up to the High Place of Sacrifice and/or the Monastery. It is a lot of climbing but definitely worth the views. After back to Amman for free evening and overnight



















Day 6: Queen Alia International Airport - Departure

Transfer to the Amman airport for departure. You would need to be at the airport 3 hours before the departure.

















End of your tour to Jordan: Ahlan WA Sahlan!













